## Arizona College and Career Ready Standards Correlation for High School - September 2013

Indicates that the lesson addresses the PO either as written or through suggested extensions or adaptations.

\* Indicates that the lesson can be adapted or extended to meet the PO, but does not explicitly provide an activity.

Specific Grade	Content Area (Strands, Concepts, and POs)	Lesson 1	Lesson 2	Lesson 3	Lesson 4
	MATHEMATICS				
	Standards for Mathematical Practice (MP)				
High School	MP.1. Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.	*	*	*	*
High School	MP.2. Reason abstractly and quantitatively.	×	*	*	×
High School	MP3. Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.	*	*	*	*
High School	MP.4. Model with mathematics.	*	*	*	*
High School	MP.5. Use appropriate tools strategically.	*	×	*	*
High School	MP.6. Attend to precision.	*	*	×	*
High School	MP.7. Look for and make use of structure.	*	×	*	*
High School	MP.8. Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.	×	×	×	*
	READING				
	Reading Informational Text				
	Key Ideas and Details		-		
9th -10th	Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text. (9-10.RI.1)	1	*	1	*
11th-12th	Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain. (11-12.RI.1)	1	*		*
9th -10th	Determine a central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the text, including how it emerges and is shaped and refined by specific details; provide an objective summary of the text. (9-10.RI.2)	1	*		*
11th-12th	Determine two or more central ideas in a text and analyze their development over the course of the text; including how they interact and build on one another to provide a complex analysis; provide an objective summary of the text. (11-12.RL2)	1	1	1	1
	Craft and Structure				
9th -10th	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze the cumulative impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone (e.g., how the language of a court opinion differs from that of a newspaper). (9- 10.RI.4)	1	*		-
11th-12th	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze how an author uses and refines the meaning of a key term or terms over the course of a text (e.g., how Madison defines faction in Federalist No. 10). (11- 12.RI.4)	1	1	1	1
9th -10th	Analyze in detail how an author's ideas or claims are developed and refined by particular sentences, paragraphs, or larger portions of a text (e.g., a section or chapter). (9-10.RI.5)	1	1	1	-
11th-12th	Analyze and evaluate the effectiveness of the structure an author uses in his or her exposition or argument, including whether the structure makes points clear, convincing, and engaging. (11-12.RI.5)	1	1	-	•
	Integration of Knowledge and Ideas				<b></b>
9th -10th	Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, assessing whether the reasoning is valid and the evidence is relevant and sufficient; identify false statements and fallacious reasoning. (9-10.RI.8)	1	*		-
11th-12th	Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in different media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively) as well as in words in order to address a question or solve a problem. (11-12.RI.7)	1	1	1	1
	Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects				
	Integration of Knowledge and Ideas			-	
9th -10th	Translate quantitative or technical information expressed in words in a text into visual form (e.g., a table or chart) and translate information expressed visually or mathematically (e.g., in an equation) into words. (9-10.RST.7)	1	1	1	1
11th-12th	Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., quantitative data, video, multimedia) in order to address a question or solve a problem. (11-12.RST.7)	1	*	*	*

	WRITING				
	Text Types and Purposes				
9th -10th	Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence. a. Introduce precise claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that establishes clear relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.	1	*	1	1
	b. Develop claim(s) and counterclaims fairly, supplying evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both in a manner that anticipates the audience's knowledge level and concerns.				
	c. Use words, phrases, and clauses to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims.				
	d. Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.				
	e. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented. (9-10.W.1)				
11th-12th	Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.	1	*	1	*
	a. Introduce precise, knowledgeable claim(s), establish the significance of the claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that logically sequences claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.				
	b. Develop claim(s) and counterclaims fairly and thoroughly, supplying the most relevant evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both in a manner that anticipates the audience's knowledge level, concerns, values, and possible biases.				
	c. Use words, phrases, and clauses as well as varied syntax to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims.				
	d. Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.				
List Osteral	e. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented. (11-12.W.1)				
High School	Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.		· ·		-
	a. Introduce a topic; organize complex ideas, concepts, and information to make important connections and distinctions; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.				
	b. Develop the topic with well-chosen, relevant, and sufficient facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic.				
	c. Use appropriate and varied transitions to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among complex ideas and concepts.				
	d. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to manage the complexity of the topic.				
	e. Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.				
	f. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from the information or explanation presented. (HS.W.2)				
	Production and Distribution of Writing				
High School	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (HS.W.4)	1	1	1	1
9th -10th	Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, publish, and update individual or shared writing products, taking advantage of technology's capacity to link to other information and to display information flexibly and dynamically. (9-10.W.6)	1		1	1
11th-12th	Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, publish, and update individual or shared writing products in response to ongoing feedback, including new arguments or information. (11-12.W.6)	1	-	1	1

	SPEAKING & LISTENING				
	Comprehension and Collaboration				
9th -10th	Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grades 9–10 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.	1	1	1	1
	a. Come to discussions prepared having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.				
	<ul> <li>b. Work with peers to set rules for collegial discussions and decision-making (e.g., informal consensus, taking votes on key issues, and presentation of alternate views), clear goals and deadlines, and individual roles as needed.</li> <li>c. Propel conversations by posing and responding to questions that relate the current discussion to broader themes or larger ideas; actively incorporate others into the discussion; and clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions.</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>d. Respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives, summarize points of agreement and disagreement, and, when warranted, qualify or justify their own views and understanding and make new connections in light of the evidence and reasoning presented. (9-10.SL.1)</li> </ul>				
11th-12th	Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grades         11–12 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.         a.       Come to discussions prepared having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.         b.       Work with peers to promote civil, democratic discussions and decision-making, set clear goals and deadlines, and establish individual roles as needed.         c.       Propel conversations by posing and responding to questions that probe reasoning and evidence; ensure a hearing for a full range of positions on a topic or issue; clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions; and promote divergent and creative perspectives.         d.       Respond thoughfully to diverse perspectives; synthesize comments, claims, and evidence made on all sides of an issue; resolve contradictions when possible; and determine what additional information or research is required to deepen the investigation or complete the task. (11-12.SL.1)	*	*	~	~
9th -10th	Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally), evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source. (9-10.SL.2)	*	1	1	·
11th-12th	Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) in order to make informed decisions and solve problems, evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source and noting any discrepancies among the data. (11-12.SL.2)	1	*	1	~
	Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas				
9th -10th	Present information, findings, and supporting evidence clearly, concisely, and logically such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and task. (9-10.SL.4)	*	*	1	*
11th-12th	Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks. (11-12.SL.4)	*	*	1	~