

The Central Arizona Project (CAP) lifts water more than 2,900 feet across its 336-mile system stretching from Lake Havasu to Tucson. Colorado River water is lifted by pumping plants – 14 in all – flowing through the aqueduct by gravity until it needs another lift to continue uphill. Water is heavy, and pumping it across the state takes a lot of energy. In fact, CAP is one of the largest end users of electric energy in the state.

# **CAP POWER PORTFOLIO**

In the past, most of the power needed to move this water came from a single source, the Navajo Generating Station, which closed in 2019. Now, to manage its power needs, CAP has developed a diversified power portfolio, which includes a combination of long-term and market purchases.

#### **MARKET PURCHASES**



Market Forward Purchases power from the market as needed to supplement the longterm power resources



Market Daily/Short-Term Purchases pumping on a seasonal and hourly basis to obtain the lowest cost possible

#### **CAP'S LONG-TERM CONTRACTED RESOURCES INCLUDE:**



**50-year** contract for power from Hoover Dam



20-year power purchase agreement (PPA) for energy from a 30 MW solar facility



**5-year** PPA for 35 MW from Salt River Project (SRP)

CAP's annual cost for energy can range between \$60-80 million, depending on pumping volumes and market prices.

### **SOURCES OF POWER**





**20%** Market Daily/ Short-Term Purchases



**12% to 15%** SRP



6% Hoover



4% Solar Phase 1 (Solar Phase II coming online in 2024 will add an

additional 3%)



## YOUR WATER. YOUR FUTURE.

CentralArizonaProject.com