

SHORTAGE PREPAREDNESS BRIEFING

Joint Colorado River Shortage Preparedness Briefing

Tom Buschatzke, ADWR Director

Brenda Burman, CAP General Manager

May 5, 2023

Meeting Logistics

- Electronic public comment forms are available for anyone wishing to submit a comment or question during the meeting
 - o www.cap-az.com/meetings/Arizona Reconsultation Committee
- Submissions will be addressed during the questions period at the end of the meeting
- Meeting material will be posted on the ADWR and CAP pages
 - new.azwater.gov
 - o www.cap-az.com





Agenda

- Introduction
- Colorado River Hydrology & Operations
- 2023 Reductions and System Contributions in Arizona
- 2024 Potential Lower Basin Water Supply
- 2024 Potential Arizona Water Supply
- Basin States Discussions
- Questions







Colorado River Basin Current Conditions & Operational Update

Daniel Bunk

Chief, Boulder Canyon Operations Office Bureau of Reclamation, Lower Colorado Basin Region

Colorado River Shortage Preparedness Briefing May 5, 2023

Colorado River Basin Storage

(as of May 1, 2023)

Reservoir	Percent Full	Storage (maf)	Elevation (feet)
Lake Powell	24%	5.54	3,525.0
Lake Mead	29%	7.66	1,049.7
Total System Storage	34%	19.80	

Total system storage was 34% of capacity, or 20.45 maf in storage, at this time last year.

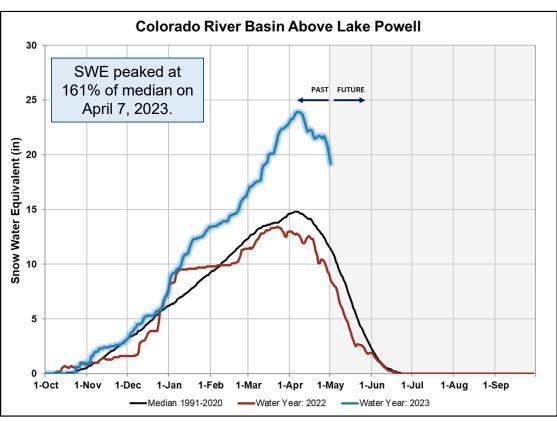


Water Year 2022 Upper Basin Snowpack and Inflow^{1,2}

as of May 1, 2023

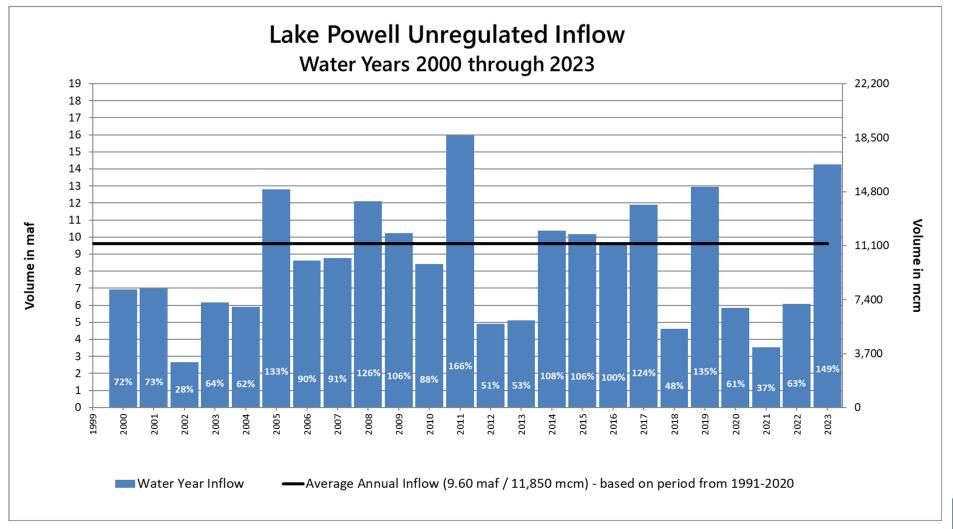
Lake Powell Unregulated Inflow Dated April 21, 2023

Period in 2023	Volume (maf)	% of Average
April through July	11.10	174%
Water Year	14.27	149%



¹ Percent of normal precipitation is based on an arithmetic mean, or average; percent of normal snowpack is based on the median value for a given date. ² Statistics are based on the 30-year period of record from 1991-2020.





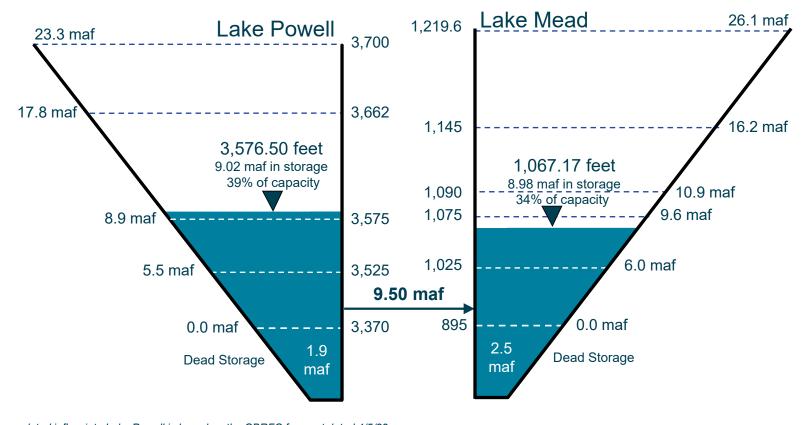


¹ Water Year 2023 is based on the CBRFC most probable inflow forecast dated April 21, 2023.

End of Water Year 2023 Projections

April 2023 24-Month Study Most Probable Inflow Scenario^{1, 2}

Based on a Lake Powell Unregulated Inflow Forecast of 14.47 maf (151% of average)

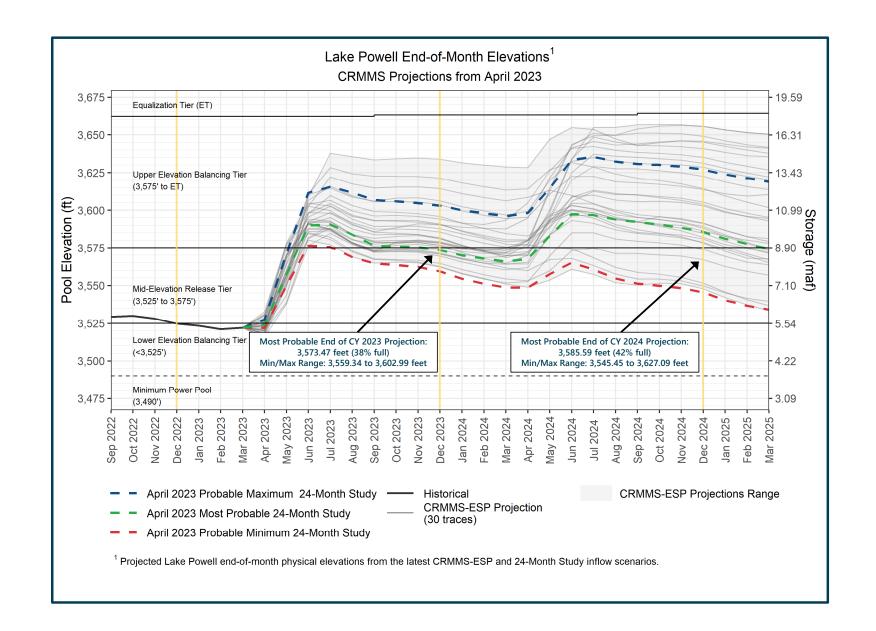


Not to Scale

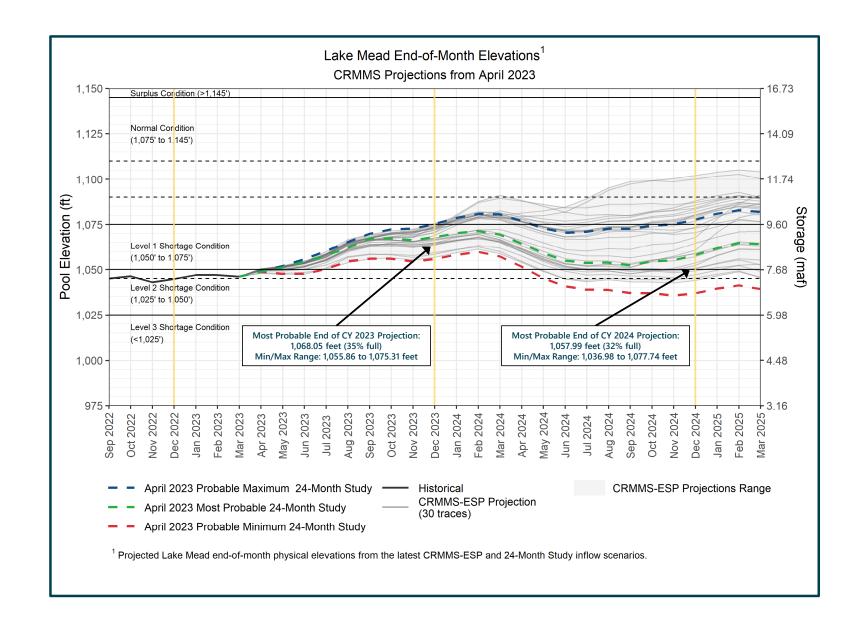


¹ WY 2023 unregulated inflow into Lake Powell is based on the CBRFC forecast dated 4/5/23.

² The teacup diagram displays projected physical elevations and storages for Lake Powell and Lake Mead.





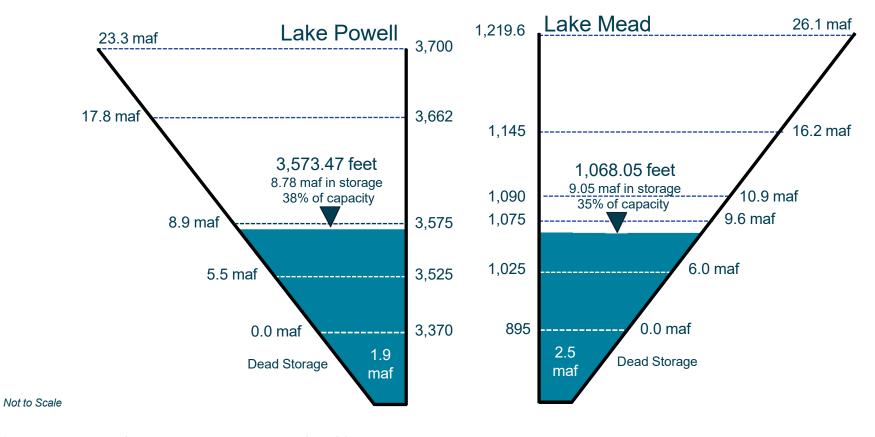




End of Calendar Year 2023 Projections

April 2023 24-Month Study Most Probable Inflow Scenario^{1,2}

Based on a Lake Powell release of 9.50 maf in WY 2023 and 7.48 maf in WY 2024



¹ WY 2023 unregulated inflow into Lake Powell is based on the CBRFC forecast dated 4/5/23.



² The teacup diagram displays projected physical elevations and storages for Lake Powell and Lake Mead.

LC Conservation and Efficiency Program

- Phase 1 implemented in October 2022
 - Short-term system conservation plans
 - 1a: Fixed prices
 - 1b: Propose price with economic justification
 - Both 1a and 1b must meet program requirements
 - Several 1a agreements completed, totaling about 260,000 AF, and more in development
- Phase 2 in development
 - Projects with long-term, durable water savings benefits for the system
 - Rollout planned this spring



United States Department of the Interior P.O. Box 61470



Boulder City, NV 89006-1470

VIA ELECTONIC & OVERNIGHT MAIL

Subject: Funding Opportunity for Voluntary Participation in the Lower Colorado Conservation and

The purpose of this letter is to follow-up on the Department of the Interior's September 22, 2022, announcement of additional steps to address drought in the Colorado River Basin (https://www.usbr.gov/newsroom/news-release/4338). The Department of the Interio (ingp), www.asso.gov/ines/stockass-2039/in/Copariments/in/Coparime Conservation Program is a part of the commitment made by the Department on August 16, 2022, to address the drought risis with prompt and responsive actions and investments to the entire Colorado River Basin (Basin) can function and support all who rely on it.

Prolonged drought and low runoff conditions accelerated by climate change have led to historically low water levels in Lakes Powell and Mead. Over the last two decades, Department leaders have engaged with Basin partners on various drought response operations. However, given that water levels are projected to continue to decline, additional action is needed to protect the Colorado Riv System and prevent the reservoirs from falling to critically low elevations threatening water deliveries and power production. Reclamation is using the best available science and actively collaborating with water users across the Basin to determine the best ways to meet this increased conservation need. The historic funding committed by the Biden-Harris Administration in the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law and the recently passed Inflation Reduction Act provide resources for water management and conservation efforts in the Basin and other basins experiencing comparable levels of long-term drought. The Department will continue to deploy these resources in the Lower Colorado River Basin with this LC Conservation Program.

The LC Conservation Program is intended to provide new opportunities to fund system conservation and efficiencies in the Lower Colorado River Basin that lead to additional conservation and bridge the immediate need while moving toward improved system efficience and more durable long-term solutions for the Colorado River system.

> INTERIOR REGION 8 • LOWER COLORADO BASIN ARIZONA, CALIFORNIA*, NEVADA*





Arizona's 2023 Reductions & Contributions

Tier 2a Guidelines shortage reduction	400 KAF
---------------------------------------	---------

Tier 2a DCP contribution 192 KAF

Reclamation funded System Conservation ~260 KAF

ADWR-CAWCD ICS Preservation ~43 KAF

Total ~895 KAF





Arizona's 2023 Reductions & Contributions

Arizona parties contributing water in 2023:









TUCSON













City of Phoenix



















2024 Potential Lower Basin Water Supply





2024 Lake Mead Operations

- Some of the factors that could affect the 2024 Lake Mead Operations include:
 - Magnitude of Lake Powell balancing release
 - Additional System Conservation by Lower Basin water users
 - California's use or creation of Intentionally Created Surplus



 Operations pursuant to a final Supplemental Environmental Impact Statement (SEIS)





Draft SEIS Alternatives

 The Draft SEIS was published in the Federal Register on April 14, 2023, and includes two Action Alternatives in addition to a required No-Action Alternative

Alternative 1 – "by priority"

 Reductions pursuant to '07 Guidelines and DCP, plus additional cuts by an interpretation of priority under the Law of the River

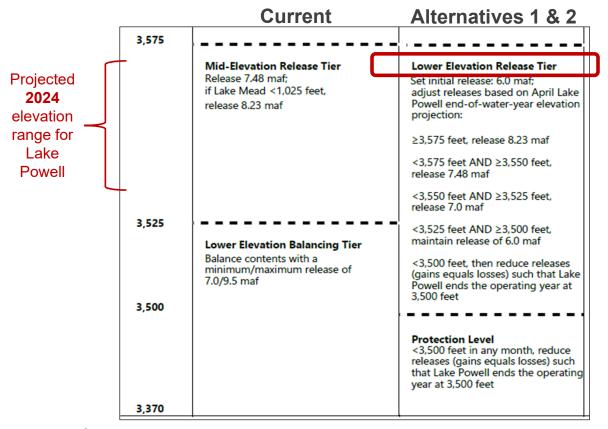
Alternative 2 – "pro-rata"

- Uniform percent reductions applied to all users based on 2021 consumptive use, plus reductions pursuant to '07 Guidelines and DCP
- o Includes a potential 500 KAF of additional releases from Upper Basin reservoirs





Powell Operations Modeled in Draft SEIS



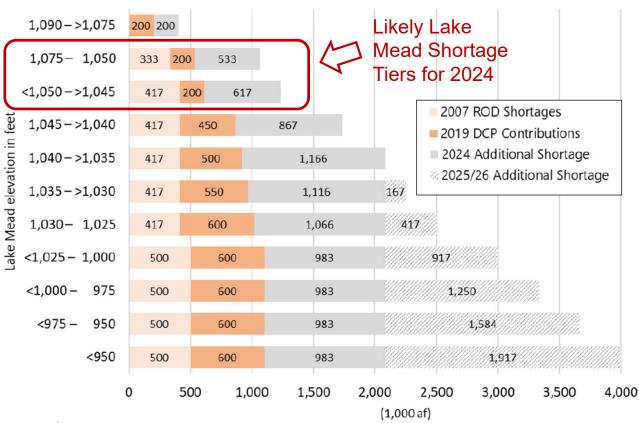
- New Lower Elevation Release
 Tier
 - Absolute Protect 3,500'
 - Releases of 6 MAF or less are contemplated
- Powell operations are nearly identical for Alternatives 1 and 2
 - Alternative 2 considers up to 500 KAF of releases from Upper Basin reservoirs if Powell Elevation < 3.525'





To submit questions, visit: www.cap-az.com/meetings/Arizona Reconsultation Committee May 5, 2023 – ADWR/CAP Joint Briefing

Mead Operations Modeled in Draft SEIS



- The draft SEIS modeled Additional Shortage reductions
 - 533 KAF under Tier 1
 - o 617 KAF under Tier 2a
- Those reductions are then distributed differently under the two Action Alternatives



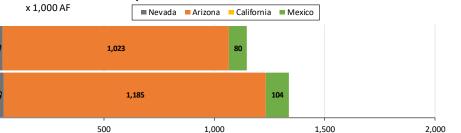


Reductions Modeled in Draft SEIS

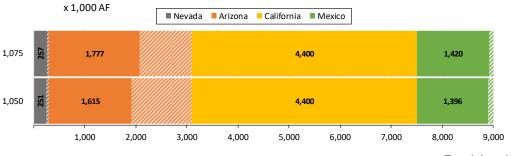
For range of Lake Mead elevations likely in 2024

Alternative 1

Reductions by Lower Basin State and Mexico

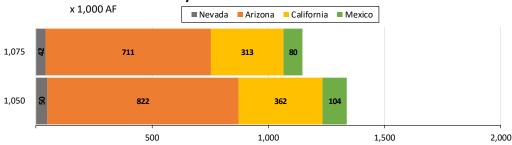


Available as Compared to Apportionments

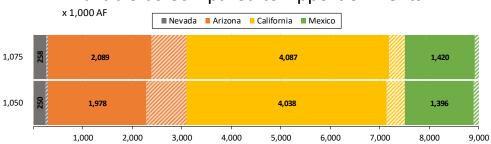


Alternative 2

Reductions by Lower Basin State and Mexico



Available as Compared to Apportionments



Provisional data; subject to change





To submit questions, visit: www.cap-az.com/meetings/Arizona Reconsultation Committee May 5, 2023 – ADWR/CAP Joint Briefing

1,075

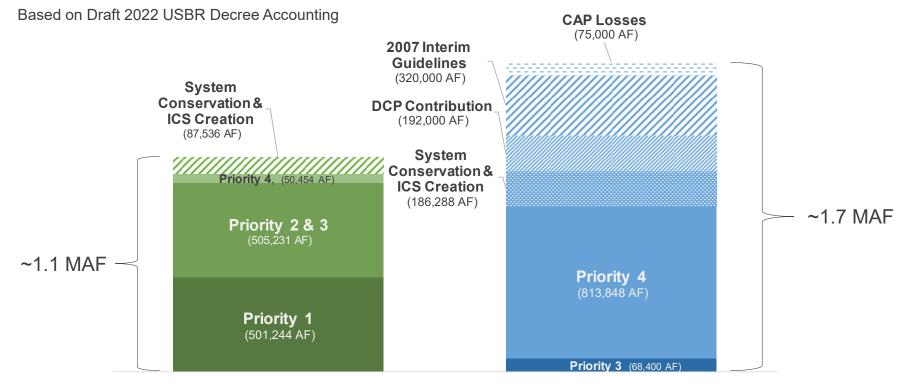
1,050

2024 Potential Arizona Water Supply Outlook





Arizona's Recent Colorado River Use



On-River

CAP

Provisional data; subject to change





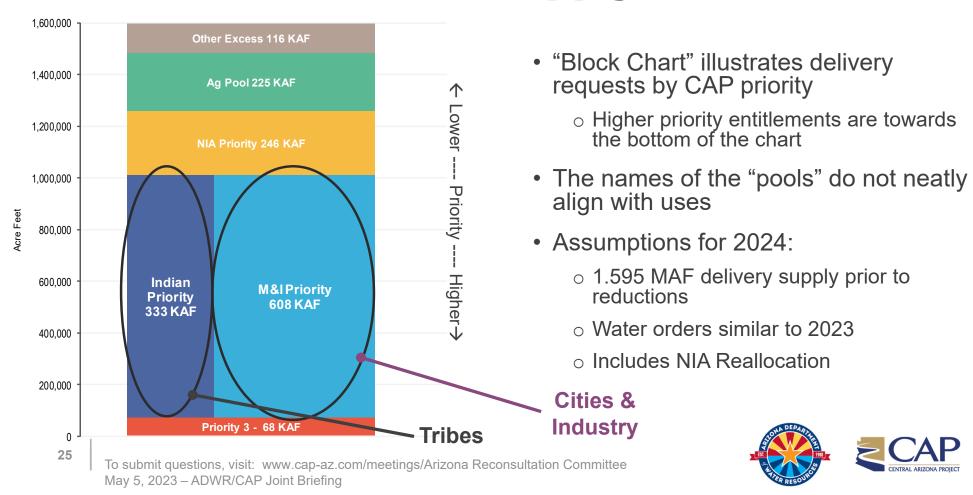
Impacts to Arizona On-River Users

		No Action Alternative	Alternative 1	Alternative 2
1,075' to 1,050'	4 th Priority	None	~32 KAF	7.11%
	P1 - 3	None	None	7.11%
<1,050' to 1,045'	4 th Priority	None	~40 KAF	8.23%
	P1 - 3	None	None	8.23%

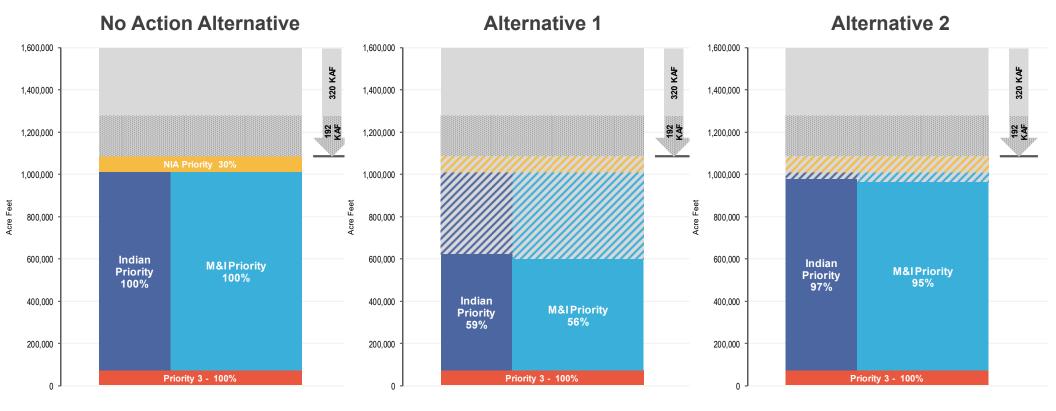




CAP Priorities—Full Supply



Mead Elevation 1,075' to 1,050'

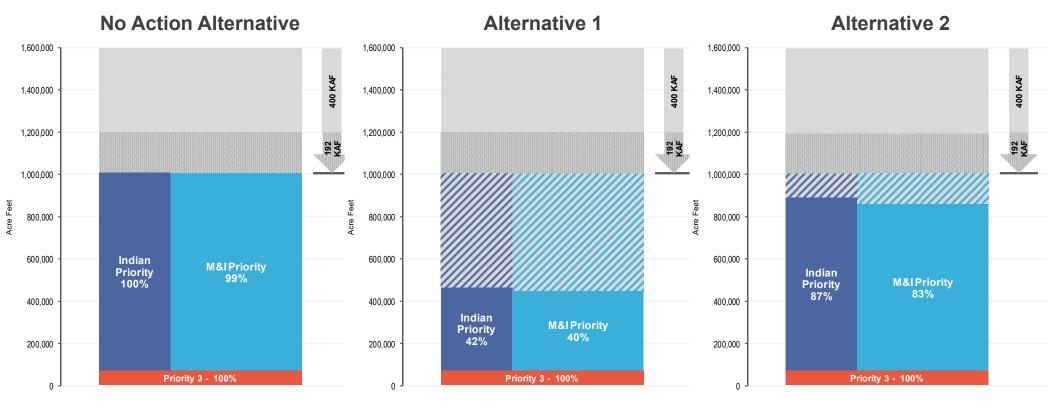


Provisional data; subject to change





Mead Elevation < 1,050' to 1,045'

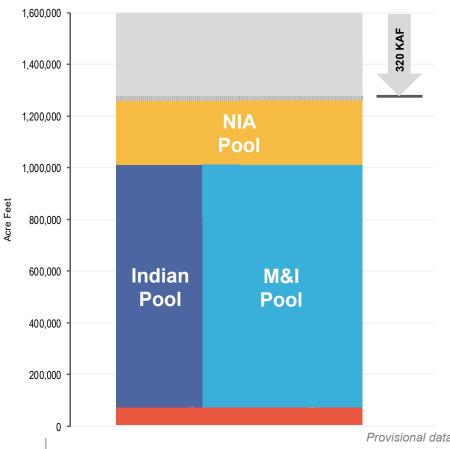


Provisional data; subject to change



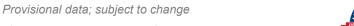


The Role of Conservation in 2024 (?)



If voluntary conservation is allowed to count towards reductions, then the deepest impacts could be avoided.

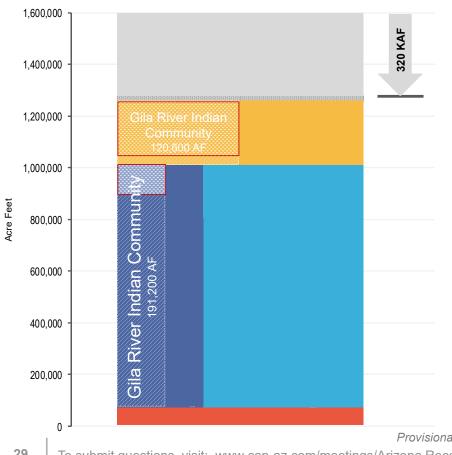
 First, start with the mandatory reductions under the 2007 Interim Guidelines...







The Role of Conservation in 2024 (?)



Participants:

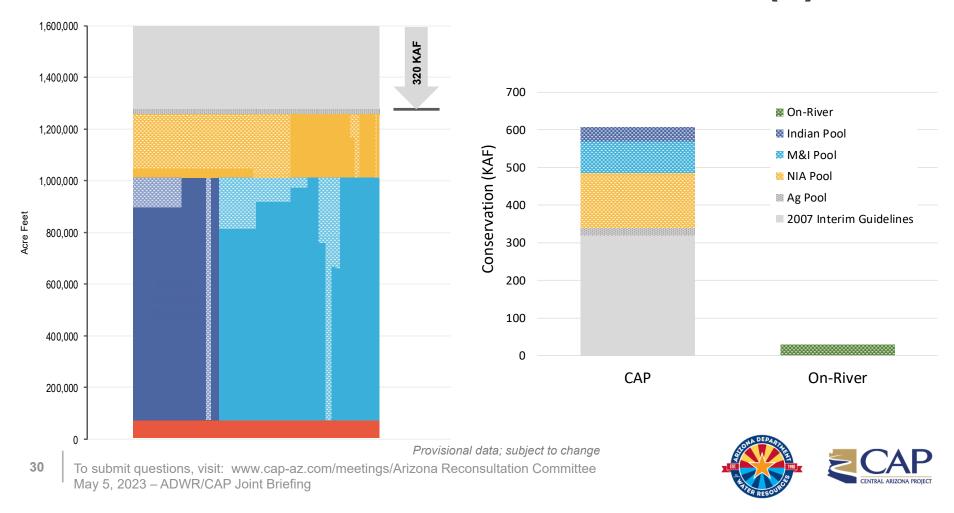
- Gila River Indian Community Conserving up to 125,000 AF
- City of Phoenix
- City of Tucson
- ASARCO
- Fort McDowell Yavapai Nation
- City of Peoria
- City of Glendale
- City of Scottsdale
- Metro Water
- Town of Gilbert

Provisional data; subject to change



To submit questions, visit: www.cap-az.com/meetings/Arizona Reconsultation Committee May 5, 2023 – ADWR/CAP Joint Briefing

The Role of Conservation in 2024 (?)



Basin States Discussions

- Negotiations are continuing among Basin States
- Looking for a more desirable outcome for all three Lower Basin States than either of the Action Alternatives
- Arizona will continue to seek a collaborative operational scenario to protect the interests of Arizonans and the system
 - Recognizing the improved hydrology in Water Year 2023
 - Minimizes deep cuts





Questions

Submit questions or comments using the electronic public comment form at:

www.cap-az.com/meetings/briefings-roundtables



